## **EXHIBIT 5**

Case 1:01-cv-12257-PBS Document 6640-7 Filed 11/03/09 Page 2 of 12 Page 1 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS VEN-A-CARE OF THE FLORIDA KEYS, INC., Plaintiff, ) No. 07 CV 11618 PBS vs ABBOTT LABORATORIES, INC. Defendant. The discovery deposition of BETH SENGER, taken in the above-entitled cause before Steven J. Brickey, CSR, State of Illinois, at 77 West Wacker Drive, Chicago, Illinois, on the 17th day of December, A.D., 2008, scheduled to commence at 9:00 o'clock a.m.

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LA. REPORTING, INC. (312) 419-9292

Page 14 Page 16 MR. BERLIN: Objection. Form. 1 Foundation. 1 2 2 BY THE WITNESS: BY THE WITNESS: 3 3 A. What type of pricing do you mean? I've never been on a sales call so 4 my extent is I know they have a sales force and 4 BY MR. ANDERSON: 5 they call on physicians, but I've never 5 Well, let's take the pricing offered participated in a sales call. 6 to customers first. 7 BY MR. ANDERSON: 7 Α. Okay. 8 Okay. Do you have a general 8 I'll rephrase it given your request Q. 9 understanding of how the sales force calls on 9 for clarification. How does the presence of 10 physicians? 10 multisource generic competition impact, if at all, PPD's pricing of its drugs to customers? 11 11 A. Generally. Okay. And is it -- tell me what A. In that environment, it's more 12 Q. 12 13 that understanding is. 13 competitive. Typically, Abbott can't match the 14 The sales people learn about the contract price of a generic. So it is a consideration, but typically we can't match their products, what it's approved for and talks to the 15 15 physician about its product attributes. price so we look at options that are on the table 16 16 Is it your understanding that the where we think we can compete on price, but if we 17 17 18 sales force that calls on physcians discusses 18 don't think we can compete, then in general, we 19 clinical attributes? would leave the contract price where it is or remove any contract, voluntary contract pricing 20 20 Α. That's my understanding. 21 Q. Do they discuss pricing to your 21 that we have. 22 22 understanding? O. Are you familiar with prescriptions that some doctors write that are mechanisms that 23 Not to my understanding, but I have 23 never been on sales call so I can't speak require the filling of a brand such as when the Page 17 Page 15 1 intelligently about that. physician may write brand necessary or dispensed 2 Have you been involved in pricing 2 as written? matters with respect to the marketed brand drugs? 3 3 A. Yes. I've heard of that. 4 Yes. I was in the pricing 4 And are you aware that even in cases 5 5 department. So, yes. where a generic substitute for a given brand drug Okay. Now, we'll come back to that. 6 6 may be available, a physician may have the ability 7 7 On the multisource products, can you describe to write dispensed as written --8 8 generally what your understanding is of the PPD's Yes. A. 9 9 view of the multisource products? -- and then require, in turn, that 10 MR. BERLIN: Objection. Form. 10 the brand actually be the drug that's dispensed? BY THE WITNESS: 11 Yes. I'm aware that that exists. 11 12 12 A. Do you mean -- sorry. Can you O. And when -- for some of its brand 13 clarify? 13 drugs when Abbott faces generic competition, does BY MR. ANDERSON: Abbott decide not to compete with the generics 14 15 Q. Yeah. I'll rephrase it. What drugs 15 regarding substitution, but instead simply try to did PPD view as multisource products? 16 16 garner that part of the business that's dispensed 17 Products that faced generic 17 as written? 18 competition. Some examples I can think of is 18 MR. BERLIN: Objection. Form. Gengraf. Now, Mavik and Tarka are included in 19 19 Foundation. multisource. Erythromycin, Biaxin and Omnicef are 20 BY THE WITNESS: 20 21 included in those as well. 21 We -- in certain circumstances when 22 22 How does the presence of multisource a product goes generic, we look and see if what we generic competition impact PPD's treatment of the 23 23 call a DAW campaign, dispensed as written

5 (Pages 14 to 17)

campaign, would be effective or not.

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pricing of the drugs?

Page 34 Page 36 First Data Bank and in there they use the term WAC at that. At that point, there was a contract 2 and it included other products as well, not just 2 change that I was involved in and I can remember a 3 3 couple cases where actually we had to increase the Abbott products. 4 Q. Did you have any understanding that WAC price because the contract price would have been above the WAC price if we didn't increase the 5 other drug companies defined WAC the same way that 6 Abbott did? WAC price. 7 7 BY MR. ANDERSON: A. I assumed it would be the same just 8 I'm familiar with what you're 8 because if it was included in the same column, I 9 referring to and I've got some documents on that. made the assumption that it was defined the same 10 Maybe we should back up just a step --10 from an outside source. 11 Were you aware of any definitions by 11 A. Okay. 12 -- and get some understanding of 12 First Data Bank of WAC? Q. 13 these terms. You've mentioned WAC a couple of 13 Α I assumed it was the same as we times and I've included it in my questions, what 14 defined it. is your understanding of the meaning of the term 15 O. Why did you make that assumption? WAC? 16 Because it was the same term. 16 A. WAC is a publicly available price 17 You knew of Abbott's definition of 17 A. 18 that Abbott sets for its products. Not just 18 WAC and when you saw that term used in First Data 19 Abbott, but the pharmaceutical industry and it's Bank's database you just assumed they were the the price that's available to customers who buy in 20 same? 20 21 case size or larger, a case of product. 21 A. Yes. 22 Q. Is it available to any customers or 22 MR. BERLIN: Objection. Form. only certain types of customers such as 23 23 BY MR. ANDERSON: wholesalers? 24 Okay. Page 37 Page 35 1 I believe as long as people buy in a 1 MR. BERLIN: I'm sorry. You just 2 case size and they're an approved Abbott customer, 2 need to give me a little room to object if then those customers could buy WAC. 3 3 necessary. 4 4 To your knowledge, is WAC known also BY MR. ANDERSON: 5 5 as a wholesale invoice price? Do you have any knowledge that other MR. BERLIN: Objection. Form. 6 6 drug companies -- other than this assumption 7 7 BY THE WITNESS: you've described, do you have any knowledge that 8 A. Not to my knowledge. We typically 8 other drug companies defined WAC the same as 9 9 would use WAC. Abbott? 10 BY MR. ANDERSON: 10 A. No. I don't have any other 11 Q. Are you aware of any industry 11 knowledge. 12 standard definition of WAC? 12 Did you ever communicate with any 13 I believe it's the same for the 13 other drug companies at all about WAC or the meaning of WAC? industry as for Abbott. 14 14 15 15 And that is a price for a case size A. No. 16 to any customer regardless of whether they're a 16 Q. Did you ever communicate with any 17 wholesaler or not? 17 customers of Abbott's about WAC or the meaning of 18 18 Α. I believe so. WAC? I'll rephrase to be more specific. Did you ever discuss with any customers of Abbott's the 19 What do you base that on? 19 Q. 20 I've never worked at another company 20 meaning of the term WAC? 21 besides Abbott. We do provide -- the pricing 21 A. I can't remember any specific

10 (Pages 34 to 37)

Is it your understanding that WAC

prices are part of the charge back process?

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circumstances where I did.

department specifically does provide WAC prices or

department provided WAC prices to a company like

at least in the past when I was in the pricing

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Page 114 Page 116

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1 wouldn't.

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- 2 O. Did any understanding of AWP come up in the context of contract renewals? 3
- 4 Α.
- 5 Looking back at what's been marked Q. as Exhibit 4. The second page of Exhibit 4 in the 6
  - lower left-hand corner, there's a -- well, on the
- 8 lower right-hand corner, too, frankly. Do you see the lower right-hand corner that reads
- 10 "pharmaceutical pricing example"?
- 11 A.
- 12 Q. And there's a formula set forth for
- 13 pharmaceutical reimbursement, do you agree?
- 14 It doesn't say that it's for
- reimbursement. There's a couple different lines 15 16 on here.
- 17 Q. Yeah. There's a formula set forth 18 that reads "AWP minus 15 percent with \$3
- 19 dispensing fee," correct? 20 A. Yes.
- 21 Q. And do you think that's
- representation of a typical pharmaceutical 22
- reimbursement formula? 23
- 24 I haven't looked at any

1 Yeah. I mean the AWP I think was 2 part of it that I understood and, generally, 3 dispensing fee. So there was, I think, two 4 components to it, but what the exact calculations

were state by state, I don't know.

- 6 You didn't know the precise discount 7 off of AWP, but you knew generally states were 8 discounting off of AWP?
  - Yes. Α.
- 10 O. And did you believe those discounts were somewhere around 15 percent? 11
- I didn't know that I spent much time 12 thinking about it. There wasn't a need to know. 13
- 14 Q. Did you consider the discounts off of AWP that medicaids reimbursed in your 15 calculations of medicaid rebates at all? 16
- 17 AWP didn't -- wasn't a part of medicaid rebates, except for like we discussed the 18 19 supplemental rebates.
- 20 I know. For purposes of these 21 questions, I'm focusing on OBRA'90 medicaid 22 rebates.
- 23 A. Okay.
- 24 Is it true that AWP was not a part Q.

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- reimbursement formulas lately. I mean it's a
- 2 dispensing fee. Sounds like it would be something
- 3 that would be paid to pharmacies.
- 4 And then the slide to the left reads "sample managed care pharmacy reimbursement rate," 5 6 and the formula of AWP minus 15 percent plus
- 7 dispensing fee is set forth again, correct?
- 8 A.
- 9 O. Did you and others at Abbott pricing and PPD understand that that was one of the 10 formulas for reimbursement? 11
- 12 I wasn't in this specific training.
- 13 We did understand that AWP was used in
- reimbursement and this is a managed care slide and 14
- 15 I never worked in the managed care area. So this
- may have been -- I don't know. My focus was on 16
- the medicaid government and institutional 17 contracting. 18
- 19 Did you have an understanding of O. 20 what reimbursement formulas were for medicaid?
- 21 A. I think generally that they used
- 22 AWP.
- 23 O. Along the lines of the formula set

forth here in these slides? 24

your calculations of those rebates?

- A. Yes, that's true.
- 3 Q. What prices were part of those 4 calculations?
  - For the medicaid rebate calculations, we calculated AMP, the average manufacturer price and, BP, the best price. And that was submitted to the federal government.
  - Did you transmit any AMP prices or best prices, BP's, to any state medicaid programs?
  - I don't remember any specific examples. I think when I was in the department there was -- different states requested different metrics, especially relating to some of their new state programs or supplemental programs. So it's possible we did. I just can't think of a specific example.
- 18 Q. I'll tighten up my question and make it more specific to address that. 19
- 20 Okay. A.
- 21 O. Other than communications with
- states about supplemental rebates on brand drugs, 22 23 did you communicate any AMP's or BP's for Abbott
- 24 or Erythromycin products to any state medicaid

30 (Pages 114 to 117)

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- product was taken into account, that it was still 2 a positive situation. It would add dollars to the 3 bottom line.
  - Did Abbott conduct that type of return of investment on its drugs from time to time?
  - A. When we did contracting scenarios where we're evaluating whether or not we wanted to contract, yes.
- 10 0. On the multisource drugs such as the 11 Erythromycin, did Abbott conduct ROI analysis?
- I conducted an ROI analysis on Ery 12 13 for my job in 2003.
- 14 Ery was a line of products that were 15 discounted to customers, correct?
- 16 We -- it was discounted to the Α. 17 contract customers, yes.
- 18 Were there certain minimum 19 thresholds of sales that needed to be achieved so 20 there were sufficient volumes?
- 21 MR. BERLIN: Objection. Form.

22 BY THE WITNESS:

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23 I don't recall the specifics of the agreement at this point. I know we offered since the Erythromycin volume was decreasing our

- cost of goods were increasing. So in those cases, 2
- 3 we would need to increase the contract price. So
- I don't remember doing any specific calculations 4
- 5 that if we increase the contract price by this or
- decrease the contract price by this, it would have
- 7 this impact on volume. It was more of, are we 8 actually making any money by selling this product.
- 9 Okay. Let me back up and ask a 10 different question that's a little bit bigger 11 picture.
  - Okay. Α.
- 13 Q. Did Abbott consider the possibility that by discounting Erythromycin and competing 14 with other generics, it would sell more volumes of 15 16 Erythromycin?
- 17 In the contract that I did, we 18 actually increased the contract prices and in some

19 cases larger than inflation. One of the

- 20 considerations, I mean, definitely was the cost of
- 21 goods sold. Are we making enough to cover our
- 22 costs? Another thing was looking at how many
- 23 competitors are actually competing in that price.
  - If there's not a large number of competitors with

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- discounts and discounts were typically something
- 2 you could buy at the discounted price. Rebates
- 3 are something that are generally paid after the
- fact and so the contracts had a combination of
- 5 those two, but I don't remember exactly what the 6
- terms said in terms of volume, purchase
- 7 requirements.
- 8 BY MR. ANDERSON:
- 9 I understand. I was asking actually 10 a different question.
  - Okay. A.
- 12 Q. I was asking about any analysis
- 13 Abbott did, maybe as a part of an ROI analysis for
- instance, about the sales volumes that were 14
- necessary in order to successively and profitably 15
- 16 manufacture Erythromycin from Abbott's
- 17 perspective?
- 18 What I remember about the
- Erythromycin agreements was actually maybe not a 19
- true ROI calculation, it was more looking at 20
- 21 the -- what the contract price was versus the cost
- 22 to manufacture to make sure that what we were
- 23 charging the customers was more than what it cost
- 24 us to produce it. In some cases, essentially,

- 1 Ery, then we would have more price flexibility
- 2 because if a patient didn't want to pay the price,
- 3 they don't have another Ery option to go, but they
- 4 do have anti-effectives we could go to. So those
- 5 were the two main considerations I remember about
- 6 how we were thinking about increasing the contract
- 7 price. I don't remember any discussions where we
- 8 actually talked about discounting it or lowering
- 9 the contract price.
- 10 I understand your testimony about 11 how if there's fewer generic competitors, prices
- may actually increase and conversely if there's 12
- 13
- more generic competitors, prices may decrease. 14
- 15 I understand that. I'm actually
- 16 asking about Abbott's analysis, if any, of sales 17 volumes and that is what pricing needed to be in
- 18 order to sell more units of Erythromycin? 19
- I don't remember doing any analysis 20 like that.
- 21 0. Do you have any idea about the
- minimum thresholds of units that had to be 22 23 manufactured in order to successively make
- 24 Erythromycin at Abbott?

32 (Pages 122 to 125)

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Page 146 Page 148 prices? 1 1 A. 2 2 A. List prices are the public price Q. Are you familiar with that type of 3 that we'd offer to a customer coming to us that 3 document at all? did not want to buy -- if they wanted to buy in 4 A. 5 5 less then a case size, less then a case quantity. Q. Who within pricing and planning to How many -- Strike that. Can you 6 6 your knowledge was involved in presenting Abbott 7 describe what you mean by case quantity? 7 terms and conditions? 8 A. I think it varies by product so I 8 These types of terms and conditions A. 9 don't think there's a standard one, but basically 9 I believe would generally be more in the bid 10 a shrink wrapped container of -- like bottles, for 10 process, which focused more on the hospital group example. There would be a certain number of 11 11 purchasing organizations. bottles in a case. Q. Okay. And who do you think was 12 12 13 So if we're talking about Ery tabs, 13 involved back in 2003 with that process? for instance, which are the tablets, and there's 14 Donna Arnold and Sandy Siefken and 14 multiple bottles of the tablets, correct? Lynette Palbitska. 15 15 16 A. Right. 16 Thank you. I see Exhibit 7 is addressed to Debra DeYoung, do you see that? 17 Q. Let's say we're talking about a 17 hundred count. How many bottles containing one 18 18 A. Yes. hundred tablets each of Erythromycin would make up 19 Do you think from your experience 19 20 Ms. DeYoung would, in turn, pass that information 20 21 A. I'm not sure. There's a lot of 21 along to pricing personnel who would complete the products. 22 bids such as Ms. Arnold or Ms. -- I'm drawing a 22 23 Q. And the number that comprised a case 23 blank -- Palbitska and who else? varied from NDC to NDC? 24 Siefken. Page 147 Page 149 1 A. I believe so. 1 Q. Thank you. 2 Generally, was it more than 20 that 2 I believe they were the ones that Q. A. comprised a case or was there any rule of thumb, 3 did the filling out of the bid schedules and bid 3 4 generally, about what volume of products were responses. 5 5 comprising a case when it came to the Okay. In looking at the Section 2J 6 Erythromycins? 6 noted on the first page of Exhibit 8, that section 7 7 is titled "medicaid approval". Did you have any I don't know. It's really more of a 8 manufacturing and direct customer contact so I 8 understanding that retail buying groups or other 9 9 always dealt in bottles or individual tablet customers of Abbott's were interested in knowing 10 prices. 10 whether or not Abbott's products were eligible for 11 Okay. Now, back to the bid 11 medicaid reimbursement? O. documentation. You see on Exhibit 8 there is some 12 12 A. No. 13 responses to -- Strike that. Some terms and 13 Do you have any understanding of why customers of Abbott's were -- may have been conditions that Abbott apparently set forth --14 14 MR. BERLIN: Is that -- I'm sorry. interested in whether the drugs were eligible for 15 15 16 I hate saying that, but is that a question? 16 medicaid reimbursement? 17 MR. ANDERSON: Yeah. I'll rephase 17 MR. BERLIN: Objection. Form. 18 18 Foundation. it. BY MR. ANDERSON: 19 BY THE WITNESS: 19 20 20 I mean for some of the chain Looking at Exhibit 8. Okay. Are Q. you there? 21 21 warehouses or chains, they service medicaid 22 Yes, I am. 22 patients. So I'm assuming they would want to know Α. 23 23 And you see it's titled Abbott terms what happens when a medicaid patient comes in and Q.

38 (Pages 146 to 149)

how they're going to get paid for the drug that

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and conditions addendum?

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Page 162 Page 164

1 worksheet?

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- A. I believe it was a screen in CARS that allowed us to input the WAC prices. We wanted the WAC prices in there to value the medicaid sales at a WAC price so that we could compare the medicaid sales to other areas of our business.
- Why did you want to evaluate the Q. medicaid sales at WAC price?
- 10 The WAC price is the starting point 11 for all of our products. It's the publicly available price and it's -- within Abbott, it's 12 13 the price that you start at when evaluating any type of discount or price for the product. 14
- 15 When you say at Abbott, you mean at Abbott PPD? 16
- 17 A. Yes.
- 18 O. Did you utilize WAC prices in that 19 context because you felt like they were a good indicator of market prices? 20
- 21 MR. BERLIN: Objection. Form.
- 22 Asked and answered as well.
- 23 BY THE WITNESS:
- 24 It was -- WAC price is the publicly

1 BY MR. ANDERSON:

- Q. Why was Abbott trying to value the medicaid business?
- So we could understand how much of our business went through that channel. We want to understand as much as possible, especially for the marketed products, where our business is going and who our significant customers are.
- 9 Specifically, with respect to the 10 Erythromycins, why did Abbott want to value the 11 amount of business that was being reimbursed by 12 medicaid?
- This was something that we did for A. all of our products. A lot more of our focus was 14 spent on marketing so this was -- Ery was just one of the products and since we were doing this, we did it for all of our products.
- 18 Other than the fact that it was what 19 you did for the branded promoted products, was 20 there any other reason why you did it for Ery?
- 21 Not specifically for Ery. We did it 22 for all of our products and Ery was one of our 23 products.
- 24 Q. It was just kind of a PPD task that

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- available price and any discount after that is either mandated or voluntary so we want to start
- 2 3 at the beginning of pricing to really understand
- what price are we offering to the market and how
- is it discounted from there to put everything on 5
- equal footing, all the products on an equal price 6
- 7 footing, starting point. 8 BY MR. ANDERSON:

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- Did you find that evaluating the published WAC prices enabled you to evaluate the prices for the Ery's?
- 12 We used WAC for all of our products 13 in this context. Sorry. Can you state your 14 question again?
- 15 Yeah. I'll restate it. Did you 16 find that evaluating the published WAC prices on 17 the Erythromycin products enabled you to evaluate 18 the amount of discounting or, as you say, the
- starting point of the pricing for the Ery's? 19
- 20 MR. BERLIN: Objection. Form. 21 BY THE WITNESS:
- 22 In this context, what we were using 23
- it for was to value our medicaid business and we 24 valued it at WAC.

- 1 was done for all drugs and since the Ery's were 2 part of the PPD product line, they likewise were 3 analyzed?
  - A. Yes.
  - Okay. So am I correct in assuming Q. that there are then reports that were created analyzing the amount of business or sales of Erythromycins that were ultimately reimbursed by medicaid?
  - Yes, I think that information exists, at least in the CARS system as something you could query or I guess it would have been in one of the I-many, the Cognos tool.
  - In addition to the fact that the information would exist in the system, you actually created those reports, correct?
- 17 At this point, I believe it would 18 have been an option you could select within 19 Cognos. So if someone had a specific request, we
- 20 could query it. I don't recall a specific
- 21 instance of anyone asking specifically for Ery
- 22 medicaid sales at WAC.
- 23 I understand you may not recall a 24 specific instance of it, but does the fact that

42 (Pages 162 to 165)

Case 1:01-cv-12257-PBS Document 6640-7 Filed 11/03/09 Page 9 of 12 Page 172 Page 170 1 1 What makes the published WAC more A. If they didn't have a contract and 2 2 meaningful, if at all, then the base deal WAC on a they wanted to buy it, yes. 3 given Ery product at a given time back in 2002? 3 Do you know if any wholesalers back 4 MR. BERLIN: Objection. Form. 4 in 2002 were buying any product, any Erythromycin 5 BY THE WITNESS: 5 product, from Abbott at WAC? 6 6 A. I don't know. I didn't really look In this case we wanted WAC to be 7 7 consistent across all the products and we didn't at that type of analysis. I looked at the people 8 want to include any contract prices and the base 8 we were contracting with and then, in general, I deal price was a contract price so we wanted the 9 looked at -- I do remember looking at, you know, 10 WAC for Erv. 10 how much sales were at contract versus total BY MR. ANDERSON: 11 11 sales. So there were some people that weren't under contract. So I'm assuming somebody must 12 Q. Did you want the price that was 12 13 being charged to wholesalers or did you want the 13 have been buying at the WAC price. published WAC price? 14 You recall doing that type of 14 The published WAC price. analysis specifically for the Erythromycins? 15 A. 15 How would the published WAC price to A. I don't recall a specific instance, 16 Q. 16 the extent it was different than the price charged but I'm sure that was something when we were 17 17 18 the wholesalers assist you in evaluating medicaid 18 having contract discussions it would have been a 19 sales? 19 question that probably came up just to say if, you 20 20 MR. BERLIN: Objection. Form. know, you're contracting, how many people are you 21 BY THE WITNESS: 21 contracting with, what's the value of these 22 22 A. We wanted all the products to be on contracts. 23 equal footing and know what the starting WAC gross 23 Q. Okay. I'm going to break this down. sales were. We didn't want to involve any type of 24 A. Okay. Page 171 Page 173 pricing discounts, rebates discounts in this 1 Q. I'm going to limit my questions for 2 analysis. We wanted to evaluate it as a starting 2 the moment to wholesalers. 3 3 gross point. Okay. A. 4 4 BY MR. ANDERSON: O. Do you recall doing an analysis on 5 Okay. So if I'm hearing you 5 the Erythromycin products and determining that correctly, you're saying you viewed WAC as the 6 6 some wholesalers in 2002 or prior to 2002 were 7 7 starting sales price, correct? buying the Erythromycin drugs at WAC? 8 8 I don't remember doing an analysis A. Yes. A. 9 Q. Okay. If Abbott's not transacting like that. 10 Okay. The analysis you just

9 business at the published WAC, does it still 10

11 constitute a starting sales price? 12 MR. BERLIN: Objection. Form.

13 BY THE WITNESS:

- Yes. It's the price that's
- 15 available to anybody that we deal with for
- 16 customers that want to come and buy a case of our
- 17 product.

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- 18 BY MR. ANDERSON:
- 19 You say available, what do you mean 20 by that?
- 21 A. If someone called up the Abbott customer service, that's the price they would be 22
- 23 quoted for a case of the product.
  - But were they actually charged it?

- mentioned that you do recall doing was for all 11 customers, is that right? 12
- 13 Right. For total Ery sales.
- 14 Okay. And you're saying that you do recall determining that some Ery customers were 15 not on contract, correct? 16
  - A. Yes.
- 18 Okay. And what price do you believe those Ery customers who were not on contract and 19

20 were not wholesalers were purchasing?

- A. I assume they'd be paying WAC.
- Q. 22 Why?
- 23 A. Because if they didn't have a
- 24 contract and didn't meet the minimum requirements

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Page 176 Page 174 MR. BERLIN: Objection. Form. of the base deal price, then I would assume they 1 would pay our WAC price. It's the publicly 2 2 Mischaracterizes her testimony. 3 available price. If you don't have a contract, 3 BY THE WITNESS: The wholesalers were offered a base 4 that's what you pay. 4 5 To whom would the pharmacies pay 5 deal price. If they bought a minimum quantity of Q. 6 Ery, they could get a discounted price. WAC? 6 7 7 BY MR. ANDERSON: If someone came to us directly and 8 wanted to buy a case, they would pay us WAC. 8 And that minimum quantity was so low 9 And do you recall determining that 9 that the wholesalers always qualified for it? 10 that had occurred for the Erythromycins? 10 MR. BERLIN: Objection. Form. I didn't look at the people that 11 11 BY THE WITNESS: 12 weren't under contract, specifically. So I had 12 That I don't know. Again, I was A. 13 various specific data on customers that were under 13 focused on the contract sales. contract and then I had our total Ery net sales, 14 BY MR. ANDERSON: but the people that weren't under contract, I 15 15 Q. We'll get to the minimum quantity in didn't have visibility to so I didn't look at who just a second. 16 16 those people were or what they were paying. 17 17 A. Okay. 18 Do you know what they were paying at 18 Q. You'll agree that wholesalers were 19 all? 19 buying Ery for base deal? 20 MR. BERLIN: I'm sorry. Are you 20 A. No. 21 Because you weren't actually even 21 asking whether -- I'm just -- can I help you a Q. able to see who they were? 22 little bit here or do you want me just to say 22 23 A. No. 23 objection? 24 How do you even know that that type 24 Q. MR. ANDERSON: I think let's just Page 175 Page 177 1 of noncontract sale occurred? 1 stick with objection. 2 Process of elimination, I guess. 2 MR. BERLIN: I'm trying to help you, Because I know the total sales and I know who was 3 3 but I don't want you to get upset that I'm getting in the way because it's kind of painful to watch 4 under contract. Right. I'm following you there, but 5 5 this. 6 it's the leap to the fact that they paid WAC or 6 MR. ANDERSON: If you want to 7 7 the statement on -- and I'll -- what I'm trying to object, that's fine, Eric. 8 get to is do you think it's possible, ma'am, that 8 MR. BERLIN: Okay. There's an 9 9 to the extent there were any noncontract sales of objection. 10 Erythromycin to pharmacies that those pharmacies 10 BY THE WITNESS: paid base deal price? 11 11 A. I'm sorry. Can you repeat your 12 I don't know. A. 12 question? 13 You're not sure if it's possible or 13 BY MR. ANDERSON: Q. 14 not? 14 Yeah. You'll agree that prior to I'm not sure. Again, I didn't have July of 2003, wholesalers were paying Abbott base 15 15 visibility to the people that we didn't have deal price for the Erythromycin products? 16 16 17 17 contracts with. MR. BERLIN: Objection. Form. 18 Okay. Let me -- I'm going to come 18 BY THE WITNESS: at it from a slightly different angle and I'll go I didn't actually see what the 19 19 20 step by step. 20 wholesalers were paying. I was really focusing 21 A. Okay. 21 more on the contract price they -- we were 22 offering to the retail buying groups and the chain 22 Q. You agreed that prior to July of 23 23 '03, wholesalers bought their Erythromycin from pharmacies. I knew that the base deal price 24 Abbott at base deal? 24 existed, but I didn't have association with who

45 (Pages 174 to 177)

Page 180 Page 178 had -- I wasn't sure who had access to the base If someone came to us and they didn't have a 2 2 deal price in specifics. I couldn't tell you the contract, my general pricing assumption is that list of customers that did or didn't buy or even 3 they would pay WAC. had access to that pricing. 4 BY MR. ANDERSON: 5 5 BY MR. ANDERSON: Do you have any basis for that Q. 6 6 You said you were focusing on the assumption? 7 7 retail buying group or chain prices, is that true? Just my general understanding of the 8 A. Yes. 8 pricing department and why we contract and that 9 9 Okay. And you knew since you were WAC is the starting price, but not any specific 10 focusing on those prices, that those prices were 10 example where I could point to a system. lower than base deal price? 11 Do you have any reason to believe 11 12 Yes. 12 that while WAC may be the starting price for many A. 13 Q. Okay. So to the extent a pharmacy 13 PPD drugs, it was not the starting price for the was not buying Ery on contract -- which did occur, Erythromycins prior to July of 2003? 14 14 15 correct? 15 WAC is always where we start our pricing analysis because it's the publicly 16 A. 16 I believe so, but, again, I'm not 17 sure. 17 available price. 18 Q. And you don't remember the details. 18 Q. Why did Abbott even go to the 19 You weren't even able to really access that, but 19 trouble of having base deal? 20 MR. BERLIN: Objection. Form. 20 you saw that it did occur on a rare occasion, 21 correct? 21 BY THE WITNESS: 22 22 A. There were customers that were That I don't know. It existed 23 buying at a noncontract price, what I would 23 before I was in my position. assumed to be WAC. 24 Page 179 Page 181 1 1 Is it -- right. Well, that's where BY MR. ANDERSON: 2 I'm going with these questions. I'm trying to get 2 Are you aware of any efforts to 3 to that assumption. Is it possible, ma'am, that 3 analyze WAC prices and prompt pay discounts on WAC 4 prices? prior to July 2003 to the extent a noncontract 5 5 pharmacy customer was buying Ery from a The prompt pay discounts are taken 6 wholesaler, they were buying it from that 6 out after the net sales line for the net sales we 7 7 calculate in the pricing department. So I didn't wholesaler at base deal price? have visibility to that part of the sales. 8 That I have no idea. I don't know 8 9 I'll ask a broader question. Are 9 what the wholesalers charge their customers. you aware of any efforts to analyze WAC prices and 10 Do you have any idea that the 10 determine the appropriate level in which to set wholesalers were charging the pharmacies WAC? 11 11 12 I have no idea what they were 12 WAC prices? 13 charging their customers. 13 A. Can you say that one more time? 14 14 Are you aware of any efforts to Right. So you really don't have a analyze WAC prices and determine the appropriate 15 foundation for your assumption that some contract 15 levels at which to set WAC prices? 16 pharmacies were paying WAC, do you? 16 17 17 MR. BERLIN: Objection. Form. A.

19 A. If they were coming through Abbott, 20 I don't -- I probably shouldn't assume that 21 either, but between the wholesaler and their 22

customers, I have no idea between -- what happened

23 between Abbott and its direct customers which

BY THE WITNESS:

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24 could have included chain pharmacies coming to us. 24

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What were the criterias that were

A. For a new product coming onto the

I haven't participated in any of those specific

research studies so I can't go into the details.

For prices that are -- for products that are

market, there would be market research involved.

used in making that determination?

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O.

Page 204 Page 202 charge backs," did I read that correctly? that the wholesalers would pay the WAC price of 1 2 2 A. Yes. \$99.99. 3 3 BY MR. ANDERSON: O. So you appreciated that the decision 4 to continue the base deal prices was going to 4 Q. Did the wholesalers have any 5 alter the invoice prices on the Erythromycins from 5 complaints about being billed higher prices on 6 Erythromycin products as of July 1st, 2003? 6 Abbott to wholesalers? 7 7 MR. BERLIN: Objection. Form. A. Yes. 8 Q. Now, if we could quantify that 8 Foundation. 9 BY THE WITNESS: because I know it's hard to recall specific 10 numerical prices. Look at Exhibit 16 and compare 10 A. Not that I recall, but they probably that to Exhibit 17 and just to make it easy for a 11 would have talked to their national trade 11 point of reference, I'm looking on Exhibit 16, the executive if they had issues like that. 12 12 13 very last NDC number before you get to the Ross 13 BY MR. ANDERSON: 14 product section, which is 6301-53. 14 Q. Did you ever hear about complaints 15 A. Yes. 15 from wholesalers concerning the discontinuation of 16 16 base deal pricing? Q. And you go across and there's a list price of \$105.25 and a WAC price of \$99.99, Not that I recall. 17 17 A. 18 18 correct? Q. Can you explain why wholesalers 19 19 would be willing to be billed at higher prices on A. Yes. 20 20 the Erythromycins after the discontinuation of Q. And then if you go back and you look 21 at the price list that's marked as Exhibit 17, 21 base deal price? 22 that exact same \$99.99 price is listed in the case 22 MR. BERLIN: Objection. Form. 23 price column for that product, correct? 23 Foundation. 24 24 BY THE WITNESS: A. Yes. Page 203 Page 205 1 And so -- well, strike that. Let me 1 That was the price we were offering. 2 ask you a couple more foundational questions. 2 So we may have gotten objections, but the WAC Before July 1st, 2003, if a wholesaler had 3 price was the WAC price. 3 qualified by purchasing \$500 or more, they would 4 BY MR. ANDERSON: 5 5 have been billed at base deal for that particular Yeah. I mean I understand you're 6 drug at \$58.65, correct? 6 saying the WAC price is the WAC price, but doesn't 7 7 it seem like if on June 30th, 2003, Cardinal, MR. BERLIN: Objection. Form. 8 McKesson, AmerisourceBergen are being billed \$58 8 Foundation. 9 9 BY THE WITNESS: and then the very next day now they're being 10 That would be my assumption. Again, 10 billed \$99.99 they would have some questions or since I wasn't in that department, I can't verify 11 concerns about that? 11 for sure that's what they were billed. 12 12 MR. BERLIN: Objection. Form. 13 BY MR. ANDERSON: 13 BY THE WITNESS: 14 14 And then the next day on July 1st, A. Any concerns or questions about 2003, when base deal was discontinued suddenly the pricing or things like that really would have gone 15 15 wholesalers would be build at a \$99.99 price which through the national trade executives and I wasn't 16 16 17 was almost double what they had previously been 17 aware of anything. If there was anything, I would 18 billed --18 assume the national trade executives would follow 19 19 MR. BERLIN: Objection. up on it. 20 BY MR. ANDERSON: 20 BY MR. ANDERSON: 21 O. -- correct? 21 Q. Did you have any understanding about why Abbott was choosing to discontinue base deal 22 MR. BERLIN: I'm sorry. Form. 22 23 BY THE WITNESS: 23 prices in July of 2003?

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I can't remember any specific

24

24

A. For July 1st, 2003, I would assume